

DESAULLES AND WIFE HAVE NO FIGHT IN COURT OVER THEIR SON

who heard dutifully by officers in the room.

Mrs. De Saules continued: "It was about the year 1910."

The statement of the man at the other end of the wire, whose name the authorities will not disclose, was so great that he kept on interrupting Mrs. De Saules. She hung up the receiver with a show of impatience and turned to Sheriff Seaman said: "It makes me tired to have people say 'My God! My God!' over a thing like this."

TRAGEDY AT CLOSE OF MOTHER'S LAST DAY WITH SON.

The night of the tragedy came at the close of the mother's last day with her boy. The story of that day, and the way the mother and child passed it together, was told to an Evening World reporter this morning at the Watson home, near Hylan—the house that Mrs. De Saules had rented for the summer. It was told by James Marville, the butler. "We had understood," he said, "that Mr. De Saules was to have the boy during the month of August, but it was not until yesterday that Mrs. De Saules herself told him. She received three telephone calls from Mr. De Saules in the course of the day, and each time she was crying when she hung up the receiver. She knew that the party was to come before night."

"The boy got up at 8 o'clock and had his breakfast and then went out to play. Mrs. De Saules had breakfast an hour later and went out to play with him. They were together all the morning, and the child seemed unusually happy—he was getting more attention than he could understand."

"In the afternoon Mrs. De Saules cried more and didn't play so much with the boy, though she kept him with her all the time. And it was after 5 o'clock in the afternoon when an automobile came from Mr. De Saules' home, driven by a servant. It drove up to the front door and Mrs. De Saules seemed to relieve her pent-up feelings a little by an angry outburst."

"Go to the back door," she ordered. "What do you mean by coming to the front door?"

"The auto was driven around to the back door and there the boy entered it and was driven away. I did not see the last moments of the parting, but Mrs. De Saules called me a little later."

"Dinner at 7, James," she said, and I went to the kitchen.

"The dinner was served, but Mrs. De Saules hardly touched it. At about a quarter after 7 she went to the telephone herself and called up the James Hamilton garage in Brooklyn and ordered a car. It came a few minutes later and she got in and rode away."

At 5 o'clock this morning Mrs. De Saules went to the telephone and called up the law firm of Uterhardt & Graham, of Mineola and New York, and asked them to defend her. Mr. Uterhardt took the assignment and said he would visit her during the day.

Mr. Graham, one of the best known lawyers on Long Island, defended Mrs. Florence Carman, acquitted of the charge of murdering a few years ago following the mysterious killing of a woman in the office of her husband, Dr. Carman.

Uterhardt intimated in a statement to-day, following a conference with Mrs. De Saules, lasting several hours, that the defense would be temporary insanity.

"It is manifestly improper for me to discuss any phase of the defense," said Mr. Uterhardt, "except to state of my own knowledge of her affairs and her life that Mrs. De Saules was a much wronged woman. She had been deeply humiliated. The wrongs she had suffered were particularly galling to a spirited woman. She has been under heavy mental strain for months."

"Her love for the boy was very deep and her single-minded devotion to him her only solace and comfort. Her troubles had reached the breaking point. After the parting from her husband she was almost a stranger in this country and without friends."

Both De Saules and His Wife Are Internationally Prominent

Big Jack De Saules, brilliant Yale sportsman, fifteen years ago, pointed out the most developed field of the college man in politics, social favorite, wealthy and prominent in business, was already well known before he appeared as one of the principals in the international romance with the Chilean heiress. His father was a Major in the Confederate Army and a member of John G. Heckscher and of Mrs. Stephen Van Rensselaer, and a cousin of Capt. Philip Lynde and of former Mayor McClellan.

De Saules married Miss Blanche Ferraz-Vizcarra on Dec. 14, 1911, in Paris, and on his return with his bride to this country said of his meeting and courtship of the Chilean beauty and heiress:

"I made up my mind that the woman was the loveliest girl in the world and that I wanted her for my wife. It was no easy matter to get her, for she had suitors galore, and even then she hadn't made her bow to society."

"She had just returned from an English finishing school, but she could play a better game of billiards than I. As for the piano—well, her maestro in Paris told me she was his most brilliant pupil and would have a great career if she chose. And she speaks five languages fluently. No to gain her hand in marriage, you see, was a task for a hero."

In this blithe fashion he then discussed the love and marriage adventures, the wreck of which was five years later to be exposed in the divorce courts and which last night ended in his violent death.

John Longer de Saules is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur de Saules of South Bethlehem, Pa.

A big, handsome athletic fellow, de Saules became one of the most popular men at Yale, and during his college career was a star quarterback of the varsity eleven. He was graduated from Yale in 1910, and for a time became actively interested in real estate ventures and was associated with Major William H. Reynolds in the development of Long Beach.

Prior to his marriage to the wealthy Chilean beauty, de Saules had twice been reported engaged.

WIFE ONE OF THE RICHEST WOMEN IN CHILI.

In the Spring of 1910 De Saules went to Chili as being partner in the South American Commission Company, a concern made up largely of Americans living in London. He was also active there in promoting the Trans-Andean Railroad, connecting the railway systems of Chili and Argentina.

De Saules went to South America because of his interest in the railway. But in the end it was announced that de Saules and his former wife had come to an agreement out of court satisfactory to both.

ly, forty or fifty automobiles, many from New York, being parked about the place at one time. Major De Saules, father of the slain man, is reported as prostrated as a result of the tragedy. He is seventy-nine years old.

Mrs. De Saules is understood to have an unmarried sister living at the Hotel Majestic in this city. Mrs. De Saules has frequently stopped at the Majestic, according to the reports, registering under the name of "Mrs. Smythe" to avoid annoyance.

More Than 400,000 Will Be Ready for Intensive Training in Southern Camps.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The United States will call into active service tomorrow the largest group of National Guardsmen, numbering 75,000 soldiers. At the same time, all militia troops not now federalized, will automatically be summoned.

With this latest call, the country has an estimated total of 400,000 or more National Guardsmen ready for intensive training in southern camps.

According to present schedules, training camps will be ready for use Aug. 15. Those called to-morrow will hold themselves in home stations just as true citizen soldiers, with this mobilization completed, the War Department proposes to send a portion of the better trained units abroad between now and winter, though the bulk of these troops will be trained intensively until spring.

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Mr. and Mrs. Albert Elbridge Stratton of Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Helen E. Stratton, to Lieut. Carl W. Stevens of Housick Falls, N. Y. Lieut. Stevens is in active service with the Second New York Infantry.

Francis, Okla., Aug. 4.—Draft registers burned the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad bridge across the Canadian River at Tyrola, near here, last night, according to reports received here to-day.

ARDMORE, Okla., Aug. 4.—A posse guarding a highway near Stonewall in Pontotoc County exchanged about forty shots with a band of alleged draft resisters early to-day, according to reports. None was injured.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Aug. 4.—Estimates of the total number of anti-draft rioters in this State vary from 500 to 1,500.

WEWOKA, Okla., Aug. 4.—One hundred and fifty armed men, headed by Sheriff H. Grail of Seminole County, left here to-day to join forces from Ada, Okmulgee and Muskogee for a concerted drive on the anti-draft demonstrators, who are spreading terror throughout southeastern Oklahoma. More than 600 armed men will be in the united posse.

The draft force are increasing recruits and seizing arms and ammunition. The mob leaders announced that all towns would be seized and possession taken of the railroads.

Fighting between the rioters and officers is going on twenty-five miles north of Ada, according to Under Sheriff Purvine of Okmulgee County, who received a report from there early to-day.

WAYCROSS, Ga., Aug. 4.—Utterances of Senator Thomas W. Hardwick of Georgia, in the United States Senate, and anti-draft propaganda in "The Government," radical organ of Thomas E. Watson, are blamed for isolated plots of southern Georgia farmers to resist draft by arms.

WORKED ON DRAFT LIST, BUT LEFT OWN NAME OFF

Byrne, With \$50,000 in Bank, Is "Anxious to Fight," but Claims "Dependent Family."

The Department of Justice will decide to-day what to do with the unusual case of Arthur C. Byrne, twenty-five, who insists he did not register June 5 because he believed he was a member of the registration board at Long Beach and is a Home Defense Leaguer there. He is head of a piano manufactory and his town house is at No. 302 West Seventy-second Street.

After his arrest yesterday, Byrne told United States Commissioner Cahoone in Brooklyn that he is a member of the Albany Burgesses' Corps and thereby exempt from registration. He was informed by the prosecutor that the Burgesses Corps is social, not military, and has no connection with the militia. The prisoner showed his State registration card. He said he had \$50,000 in bank. "I am not a slacker," said young Byrne. "I am willing and anxious to fight. In fact, I expected any minute to be called out by the Burgesses Corps."

Then he filed out a registration blank and claimed exemption on the ground of his "dependent family."

U. S. RAILROAD ENGINEERS REACH PERSHING'S CAMP

Sammies Get a Taste of French Weather Which Turns Grounds Into Morasses.

WITH THE AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY ARMY, Aug. 4.—Pershing's Sammies get well acquainted to-day with French mud. Continuous rains of the past few days made the training grounds a veritable morass and for that reason orders were issued for the men to be trained on the paved and drained streets of villages and towns in the camp area.

The American troops gave a warm welcome to a detachment of American soldiers who marched into one of the villages, carrying a full army kit. It was learned they are a portion of the engineering force which will soon aid the British and French experts in this line of work.

ANTI-DRAFT RIOTS CALL OUT TROOPS; R.R. BRIDGE BURNED

Government Officials Prepare To Run Down Mobs in South and West.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Federal troops may be sent into Oklahoma and other States to quell anti-draft demonstrations, which recently have assumed growing proportions.

Department of Justice officials, investigating disorders in the South and elsewhere, announced that all persons resisting the draft law would be hunted down and brought to justice, no matter at what cost.

The possibility of sending Federal troops into sections where anti-draft agitators have been busy was discussed to-day at conferences between officials of the Justice and War Departments. As the National Guard of the country goes under Federal control to-day, Governors in States where disorders occur will have to ask Federal military authorities for help if local civil authorities are unable to quell the disorders.

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ROOT COMMISSION BACK IN AMERICA FROM RUSSIAN TRIP

Most of Trouble There.

A PACIFIC PORT, Aug. 4.—The American Mission to Russia, headed by Elihu Root, has reached here.

Besides Mr. Root, the members of the mission are Charles Edward Russell, writer and publisher; Cyrus H. McCord, President of the International Harvester Company; Samuel R. Barton, New York lawyer; James Duncan, Vice President of the American Federation of Labor; Charles H. Crane, a leading manufacturer; John R. Mott, leader in the Young Men's Christian Association; Major Gen. Hugh L. Scott, Chief of Staff of the Army; and Admiral James H. Glennon.

The mission has been away from the United States since May 19.

No official statement on the work of the mission in Russia or on the report that the mission will make after its return to Washington was made public. Mr. Root, acting as spokesman, declared he had nothing to say beyond the fact that the party had been hospitably received in every Russian city visited.

From the Russian revolution will be evolved a stable government, according to Mr. Duncan. Its establishment is retarded, he declared, by the radical so-called reformers, who have returned to Russia from America. The success of the revolution, Mr. Duncan attributed to the workmen of Russia, by whom the propaganda of freedom was first carried to the peasant class at the time of the original Duma in 1905.

Mr. Russell said the task of new Russia was greatly handicapped by German influences and the ceaseless activity of the German propagandists.

"Most of the trouble, however, has been caused by Russians naturalized as Americans, who have returned to Russia since the outbreak of the revolution," he said, and added that Russians from the United States spread the report throughout the country that America had entered the war from sordid reasons.

"These propagandists," he continued, "who pretend to have an intimate knowledge of American conditions and American motives, inform their native countrymen that the Government of the United States is more oppressive than the old regime at Petrograd."

Rear Admiral Glennon, on his arrival, learned of the death of his son, which occurred three weeks ago. Wireless messages carrying the news were directed to him but failed to reach him.

TWO NEW YORK MEN LOST ON MOTANO

Don W. Barmore and Sidney Horwig in the List of Submarine Victims.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Following are the names and next of kin of the five United States naval gunners saved from the American oil steamer Motano, torpedoed by a German submarine.

Chief boatswain's mate, C. R. Garrison, brother, Charles E. Garrison, No. 450 Houston Avenue, Cincinnati; gunner's mate, second class, C. L. Beckwith, mother, Emma Beckwith, No. 529 Virginia Avenue, Martinsburg, W. Va.; Harold Holcomb, seaman, second class, mother, Theodore Holcomb, No. 791 Olive Avenue, Redlands, Cal.; J. F. Hanley, seaman, second class, mother, Lillian Hanley, Neptune, Tenn.; C. J. Hammer, seaman, second class, father, C. N. Hammer, Nettleton, Ark.

Those lost and their next of kin are: A. H. Vogel, seaman second class, friend, Brother Paul, St. Mary's Industrial School, Baltimore; John W. Barmore, seaman, sister, Pearl Barmore, No. 218 West Eighty-first Street, New York; Joseph Frank Carlin, boatswain's mate, Mrs. Edith Carlin, No. 43 Park Street, Pittsburgh; Andrew Lawrence, seaman second class, mother, Bertha Lawrence, No. 100 Hughes Street, Kingston Station, Naibito, Pa.; Cornelius Torjusen, seaman second class, father, Simon Sokel, Chapwood, Ill.; William Whalen, seaman second class, brother-in-law, Randolph M. Cramer, Orangeburg, N. Y.; Sidney Horwig, seaman second class, father, George J. Horwig, No. 347 Fox Street, New York.

HUNGARY MOBILIZING MEMBERS OF LANDSTURM

ZURICH, Aug. 4.—All Hungarian members of the landsturm under fifty-two years of age were to-day ordered to report for mobilization in twenty-four hours, according to Budapest dispatches.

BERLIN (via London), Aug. 4.—Emperor William, on the occasion of the capture of Caernarvon, ordered that flags be hoisted and that salutes be fired in Prussia and Alsace-Lorraine. He telegraphed congratulations to Archduke Leopold.

We Guarantee that six Bell-ans in hot water will remove the worst attack of indigestion or druggists refund money. A 25c package will prove it.

HUGHES AND STRAUS NAMED ON DISTRICT EXEMPTION BOARDS

Wilson's Appointments for New York State Announced by Gen. Crowder.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Charles E. Hughes and Nathan Straus are included in President Wilson's appointments to district exemption boards in New York State, made public by the Provost Marshal General to-day.

Other New York City appointments to district boards were:

Judge E. N. Callen, Dr. Edwin E. Hinks, Meier Steinbock, Howard E. Wood, Rev. E. Edwin Young, William H. Davenport, William H. Dykeman, William H. English, Edwin L. Garvin, Dr. James E. Waterman, George H. Agnew, Sigmond Goldwater, William L. Washburn, James A. Delahanty, Dr. George Dady, I. T. Flatto, George L. Ingraham, Louis Marshall, John L. Ligon, Samuel H. Elyne, Robert A. Ingh, W. H. Hills, Dr. J. Evan Lullitworth, Richard W. Lawrence, George T. McGuire, Dr. Herman T. Hadin, Eugene H. Rosenquest, Charles E. Sims.

Nominations for district boards throughout the State are:

Northern District—Division No. 1: Robert W. Chambers, Broadbush; John C. Crasner, Massena; Dr. George Graves, Herkimer; Jefferson McDowell, Mechanicville; Albert H. Proctor, Malone; Division No. 2: Rev. George Dugan, Albany; Stanton H. Hull, Paterburg; Charleston H. Lewis, Schenectady; Dr. George Stever, Amsterdam; Arthur C. Wyer, Delhi; Division No. 3: Julius F. A. Doolittle, Utica; Herbert J. Fowles, Auburn; Dr. Alfred Goss, Adams; Thomas A. McCleary, Union; William Nottingham, Syracuse.

Southern District—William A. Davidson, Portchester; Franklin Montross, Peekskill; Clayton Ryder, Carmel; Charles E. Townsend, Newburgh; Eastern District—William Guthrie, Locust Valley; Sylvester Pearsall, Lynbrook; Ralph Peters, Garden City; E. H. L. Smith, St. James; Dr. Arthur H. Terry, Patchogue.

Western District—Division No. 1: Milo Acker, Hornell; Dr. M. S. Case, Dunkirk; William E. Lettingwell, Watkins; James H. Owens, Chautauq; Eldyn Reynolds, Belmont; Division No. 2: George N. Atwell, Jr., Ithaca; J. B. Bradley, Interlaken; Philip N. Nicholas, Geneva; William Pitkin, Rochester; Dr. Charles R. Sumner, Rochester.

Division No. 3, of this district is the New York list already named. Division No. 4: Norman E. Mack, Buffalo; Dr. A. N. Moore, Lockport; John Lord O'Brien, Buffalo; W. W. Smallwood, Warsaw; John C. Wickser, Buffalo.

60 DAYS FOR FLAG INSULT

Man Who Tore Down Banner Is Sent to the Workhouse.

Charged with tearing down the American flag draped about the stand at a Russian Protestant prayer meeting at Avenue A and Seventh Street, Kalestrat Melenduk of 38 East Sixteenth Street was sentenced to the workhouse for sixty days by Magistrate Krotel to-day.

Another Russian, William Horofsky, of No. 65 East Sixteenth Street, charged with shouting and disturbing the meeting, was fined \$10.

BREEZING along uptown in a cool, comfortable seat, one really has no use for a fan; and yet, it's more than likely that there are a dozen or so of them aboard—baseball fans, en route to the Polo Grounds on the

Fifth Avenue Bus

Tailor Services 3 or 4 to 13th St.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DYVINE, Amsterdam St. and 11th St.; 8 A. M. Holy Communion; 10 o'clock, Russian Woodcock; 4 P. M., preacher, Bishop Woodcock; week-day services daily at 7:30 A. M.

DIED.

BEETSON.—DOROTHY BEETSON, Service at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1970 Broadway (Campbell's), Saturday morning, 10 o'clock.

BAKMAN.—RAFAEL BAKMAN, Service at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1970 Broadway (Campbell's), Saturday morning, 11 o'clock.

Turkey in War Time

As Seen From the Inside

DESCRIBED BY AMBASSADOR ABRAM I. ELKUS

Here for the first time is given the startling story of an American girl's experience in Armenia.

In the Editorial Section

To-Morrow's Sunday World